

CHINOOK PHARMACY

How to Stop That Cough

Take

Na-Dru-Co Cod Liver Oil Comp
"Syrup White Pine & Tar"

For Baby

No-Dru-Co. Baby Cough Syrup
"Hive & Croup"

CHAS. WYLIE

Registered Druggist

No. 411 Alberta Pharmaceutical Association

LADIES!

Get your Spring Sewing
done now

Special Sale for the next two weeks

Gingams, Prints, Sheetings,

Pillow cottons, Romper cloth

Sheetings and all cotton goods, we are advised by the manufacturers, are bound to advance again this spring, but we will give you the benefit of our having bought heavily before any advance. See our range of

Gingams 20c to 25c Prints 30c
Romper Cloth, wears like iron 40c
2 1/2 inch Sheetings, worth \$1.20, for 75c
Pillow tubing, worth 90c, for 45c
Towelings at less than wholesale prices

Extra Special

Men's Overalls, King of the Road, worth \$2.50, for \$2.00

And all other goods at rock bottom prices

H. C. Briggins

'The Store with the Goods'

Breezelets

Former emperor says he feels that the day will come when he ought to speak, and will.

Probably Bill thinks it is about time he told the truth, and owned up that it was him who started the war, and also that the British who knocked the stuffing out of him at last.

Winnipeg authorities have a tax on cats.

It doesn't say whether the tax cover the two legged cats, or not

"Quebec is strong for wine and beer."—News heading.

Quebec is not only strong for beer and wine, but wants the booze stronger.

So that the stronger the booze the weaker the Quebecers.

Calgary police are asked to locate Bert Copp.

The "Coppers" are certainly the best ones to locate the missing Copp.

"The Liquor Act under debate at Edmonton."

And at the same time in many places in the Province liquor was enacting its own inveterate laws

"Flying Crosses go to Canadians," reads a news heading.

So that if one of these Flying Crosses crosses your way don't take it for a Hun iron cross.

Calgary medical officer reports that there are an alarming number of cases of goitre among the children attending the public schools. Instead of growing less, the disease seems to be on the increase.

Evidently the picture shows seems to have got the Calgary kiddies' "goit"-re.

Germany keeps well equipped in the field.

And so does the Allies—and on Germany territory, too. They are taking no chances with a "scrap of paper" nation.

A new hail insurance company has been formed in Alberta.

Now if a company could be formed to insure the farmers against "no hail" on their crops it would be worth while.

The "Rest" cure is the latest fad, and is becoming very popular.

A Leakage Somewhere

In last week's Advance, also in the Youngstown Plaindealer, I have read and re-read, the notice regarding the disposition of seed oats by the Municipality of Sounding Creek.

It is difficult for any sane farmer to believe that a body of men such as our municipal council, should publish such a notice, in the face of existing conditions. The facts are these:

This notice stated that applications will be received up till Feb. 20th for seed oats f.o.b. Chinook at \$1.25, plus handling charges. No. 2 C.W. oats at Winnipeg are 67c per bushel. Why should the farmers receiving municipal aid be forced to pay approximately twice the Winnipeg price for their seed? As I know from experience, there is no guarantee that these oats supplied even at \$1.35 per bushel are entirely free from weeds or wild oats. Last Spring I bought 106 bushels of seed oats from a car of "Government seed oats," handled by one of the local elevators, and found that I had to "pick out" about twenty-five bushels of weed seeds, light oats, small oats and wild oats, yet they were not fit for seed. In those oats I think I can safely say there were more than five bushels of wild oats alone.

I mention this instance, knowing it to have occurred, and liable to occur again. But our municipal council seems to rely on a certain car, and all those must accept the oats contained therein at \$1.15 and handling charges, or do without.

Our Council is elected to represent the people, and are handling the people's money. Their security is absolute, taxes and seed grain liens coming before a first mortgage. They are taking absolutely no risk in advancing seed to any farmer. If it is possible to secure the money, as I believe it is, they could lose nothing by supplying seed oats, seed wheat, flax, or even potatoes to the whole municipality. I do not mean to supply the actual seed, but to supply the means of obtaining it. Especially when, at the present moment there are oats in the local elevator, with, I believe, a germination of 90 per cent., and much more free from weeds and wild oats than those I bought last year from the car of "Government Seed. These may now now be bought for 85c per bushel. Why pay something like \$1.15 to \$1.30 per bushel?

Besides, an application to the council for seed is liable to be refused, even though the applicant is in need of the assistance. Such a case occurred during this past spring and the applicant, I believe, was forced to secure seed by giving the man who supplied it 1/2 of the crop. The farmers should investigate this state of affairs.

N. F. MARCY

Fix Your Buildings So Your Feed Bills Will Be As Low As Possible This Winter

Remember that Cold, Draughty Buildings

makes cold Horses, Cattle and Hogs, and cold animals eat more trying to keep warm.

Buildings should be made wind tight, but should be carefully ventilated.

The cost of doing this can easily be saved in reduced feed bills and the better condition of stock in the spring.

Early work on such repairs is also advisable so that the saving may begin early too.

Get your material HERE—free plans if you want them for new work or extensive alterations.

FLETCHER LUMBER CO., Limited

The Independent Lumbermen

J. B. MACLEAN, Manager, Chinook

We are not satisfied unless you are.

A Heatheale Man

IS AWARDED MILITARY MEDAL

Lance-Cpl. Allan Watt Sibbald, 50th Canadians, has been awarded the Military Medal for conspicuous gallantry, leadership, and devotion to duty from 27th to 29th September. The official account states that his very fine leadership and personal gallantry were wonderfully effective in bringing forth unusually gallant from others, and he contributed largely to the success of the operations of the detachment.

Lance-Corporal Sibbald, before he went over to France with the Canadian Expeditionary Force, farmed for some five years at Heathdale, south of Chinook, and is a brother of John Sibbald, also of Heathdale. Lance-Cpl. Sibbald is well known around here, and his many friends heartily congratulate him upon his exceptional bravery and his well-rewarded. Lance-Cpl. Sibbald was in some of the heaviest fighting with the Canadian forces for three years in France.

Fatal Accident

CHILD SCALDED TO DEATH

A very painful and fatal accident occurred on Thursday, Feb. 6th, at Vaughan Thompson, the infant son of Ralph Thompson of Chilmark. It seems that the child, who was able to toddle around, accidentally upset a kettle of boiling water over himself. The poor little fellow was terribly scalded all over both arms and chest. After four days of agony, death relieved the child from his sufferings. The greatest of sympathy is felt for the bereaved parents.

The Social Circle

The Social Circle held its weekly meeting on Friday evening, Feb. 7th, at the home of Mrs. Frank Foster. There was almost a full attendance of members. Mr. and Mrs. James Watson being absent. The company, as they arrived, were most hospitably welcomed by the genial host and hostess, ably assisted by their daughter, Mrs. Proctor; also Mr. and Mrs. Sandman.

After preliminary chat, which allowed time for all to arrive, score cards were distributed, partners located, and the play began. It was kept up till almost twelve o'clock, when supper (which is "banded" by rule), was served. All did ample justice to the good things provided. Then there were some speeches.

Next Friday being St. Valentine's day, there are to be slight variations.

On the motion of Mr. Neil McLean, it was agreed to form a committee of ladies to arrange for games after supper at the St. Valentine's meeting. The committee thus formed, consisting of Mrs. Fred Maris, Mrs. Proctor and Mrs. Wright Lawrence, are having a meeting on Wednesday, when details will be arranged.

St. Valentine's Day is the third anniversary of the departure of some of our brave lads for the front, those heroes who were willing to give their "to-morrow" for our "to-day," who were willing to die that we and ours might live. We include one of these in our membership, Mr. J. M. P. Watson, who will and bravely did "his bit" for our cause; and other, whose absence alone on active service keeps firm our circle, the brave young Sergt. R. McLean. It is fit and proper that such an anniversary should be held at the home of the Sgt's brother. Mr. Neil McLean.

Britain and U. S. Can Prevent Future Wars

Paris. — Success or failure of the league of nations depends almost wholly on Britain and the United States. This statement was made to the United Press by Major-General Frederick Maurice, British expert on military and international affairs. He was director of military operations for the British general staff when the British were opposing the German drive practically unaided, and he made his famous "Where is Bleeker?" statement.

"I am absolutely certain that a real league of nations is going through," said Maurice. "Every day it is more fully realized that the league is not an ideal, but it is a workable proposition. The more closely the matter of restitution and restoration is gone into and the more actual information is obtained, the more certain it is that we will not get enough out of the central powers, either of money or material to set the world on its legs again. It is obvious that, at the very best, our repair bills will be only partially met."

There won't be any indemnities from which the world will be able to finance the new development of the German colonies. Turkish territories or the new republics which are struggling upward in eastern and southeastern Europe.

"We recognize that one of the chief difficulties in maintenance of the league is that democratic states are loathe to commit themselves indefinitely to supplying troops to fight in any part of the world to uphold the league's authority. That difficulty need not arise. Great Britain and the United States are recognized as holding the chief weapon of the league, economic pressure — the method for exercising which is naval force. If the United States and Great Britain agree to place their naval power at the disposal of the league, I don't see how any nation will ever again dare to think of war."

Stores Sell Iron Crosses

German Newspaper Says Traffic Is Indecent

Coblenz, Germany. — The German food authorities jolted the flourishing sight-seeing excursions in the American bridgehead area of the Rhine valley when they threatened drastic punishment for local stores selling iron crosses. Purchasing army decorations either to carry home as souvenirs or to sell in Paris at greatly advanced prices is a favorite occupation of the junkies. One junk profiteer bought 100 iron crosses at \$2 each, assured of selling them to Americans attending the peace conference for \$10 each.

A local newspaper denounces the traffic in iron crosses as an indecency, particularly disgraceful in stores selected for the distribution of food supplies. It says that if they display crosses for sale in their windows, the American authorities will deprive them of the right to sell food.

Put Responsibility on Royalty
Bern. — A violent rhetorical duel between the French and German socialists, with many reciprocal approaches and accusations, marked the second sitting of the international Labor and Socialist conference.

Otto Wels, the former military commander of Berlin, defended the German position, and said that the German Socialists already had settled the question of responsibility for the war in having taken all power from the princes and kings. Wels accused Great Britain of having killed 700,000 German women, children and old men by the "hunger blockade."

A proposal is made in British Columbia to remodel the police force of the province on the lines of the Northwest Mounted Police.

Small Nations Want To Be Given Greater Power

Paris. — Although the five great allied and associated powers who are directly, the peace conference have turned over much of the work to commissions, the society of nations question, especially with reference to the smaller nations, is becoming rather a knotty problem. The smaller nations, it is declared, want full equality in a society of nations and also greater powers than the plans already outlined give to them. The great powers, on the other hand, are faced with a situation that if each state is given a member on a supreme court of nations they might find themselves at the Hague.

Must Have Coal

Paris. — Hugh S. Gibson, Captain T. T. C. Ferguson and other representatives of the inter-allied food relief commission returned to Paris to make a report to Herbert Hoover, director general of the commission, after several weeks' travel through Poland, Austria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Serbia. "Coal is now the most pressing need in Czechoslovakia, Austria and Hungary," said Capt. Ferguson. "and without an increased fuel supply food relief on a large scale is impossible. Only one-tenth of the possible number of trains are operating in Austria and Hungary because of lack of coal, and conditions are little better in Czechoslovakia."

Program Suggested

Resolutions for World League Adopted by Peace Societies

Paris. — A conference of allied peace societies, comprising delegates of the United States, England, France and Belgium, favoring the league of nations project, has given out resolutions adopted by it in addition to the aims outlined in the plans handed by Leon Bourgeois to the allied premiers.

They declare for an international bureau of labor and periodic conferences between employers and employees in line with the British project now before the labor commissions. They recommend the creation of an international commission of education to inform the public on the functions of the league of nations and to educate the people in the doctrines of democratic citizenship.

They further recommend that enemy countries be required to limit their armament and manufacture of arms and munitions in order to enable the entente states to reduce their military forces.

They declare that the allied states should content themselves with the enormous stock of arms and munitions of war now in their hands as a result of the war and the seizure of many stores, and should forbid the sale of arms and munitions by the states in the league to others.

American delegates declined to endorse some of the recommendations, holding that disarmament would not be possible until the league of nations had maintained sufficient force of control of the enemy states, until the latter were completely disarmed. They also objected to the prohibition of the manufacture of arms and munitions as calculated to prevent scientific developments that might benefit the world.

German Damage Buildings
London. — During the bombardment of Bremen, the old cathedral, the bourse and the city hall were damaged and many houses partly destroyed, according to an Exchange Telegraph company despatch from Copenhagen.

The government troops made their entrance after the city had been bombarded. Many persons are reported to have been killed in the bombardment. Armed Spartacists from Gotha are on their way to Bremen to the support of the Spartacists there.

"Save the Kaiser" Society Organizing
Amsterdam. — Societies to "save the Kaiser" from being handed over to the allies are being organized in Germany, according to the Volks Zeitung of Osnabrück. Eitel Frederick, second son of the former emperor, is said to have written a letter to the premier demanding that the government assist in the plan.

Italy's War Debt

Relatively Higher Than That of the Other Allies

Rome. — Italy's national debt is now more than \$12,500,000,000, whereas when she entered the war it was about \$750,000,000, declared Luigi Luzzatti, former premier and a leading Italian financial authority, in a statement urging financial aid to Italy. He said that when pensions, government bills to manufacturers and other necessary expenditures had been paid, the national debt probably would total \$16,000,000,000.

"Italy, I am sad to say, leads the whole world in the relative height of its war debt," he said. "Subtracting Italy's losses in men and money, her national wealth is only about \$20,000,000,000. If all the war loans of the entente should be thrown together in one consolidated sum, Italy and France, whose losses in men and substance have been the greatest, would be compensated by bearing a smaller proportion of the war debt."

"The United States and Great Britain are not only strong, but generous, and they will acknowledge that Italy and France, the two principal centres of Teutonic slaughter and devastations, should be supported financially, therefore, with correspondingly greater help."

Direction Finding Stations Established

Will Prove of Great Value to Vessels Lost in Fog

Ottawa. — The department of the naval service has established on the east coast of Canada four direction finding stations which will, it is expected, prove of great value to vessels lost in the fog and unable to determine their position. These stations are located at Cape Sable, at the mouth of Halifax harbor; Cape Canso, and Cape Race, Newfoundland. From any or all of these stations a vessel equipped with wireless may obtain a bearing while still at a distance of several hundred miles from the coast.

At an ordinary wireless telegraph station there are no means for determining the direction from which incoming signals are being received. At the opening of the war efforts were concentrated upon the development of the direction finding station in order to locate the position of hostile craft carrying wireless equipment. An invention by two Italians solved the problem and this has been installed in the Canadian stations. Since the signing of the armistice, however, the stations have been placed at the disposal of commercial shipping and information to this effect is being distributed all over the world.

British Forces Prepare to Evacuate Northern Russia

To Draft New Treaty

Paris. — Sir George Foster, Dominion minister of trade and commerce, interviewed by newspaper Excelsior, said that France had informed Canada of her desire to denounce the 1919 treaty, as well as all other similar treaties. Pending French agreements, traffic of goods would continue under the old conditions. Continuing, Sir George said that the future clauses would naturally depend on the attitude of the two countries in accordance with the customs arrangements.

Ontario lumbermen have sent a representative overseas to endeavor to secure some of the large orders of lumber required in reconstruction work in Great Britain, France and Belgium.

The Canadian National Railways has placed orders for the construction of 2,830 cars of all varieties.

Paris. — With the French still silent, the British are continuing to prepare for evacuation of their forces from Russia, whether the French accede or not.

In British military circles it was admitted that only the question of physical difficulties will determine whether their troops will come out by the end of April, or sooner. The Murmansk contingent can be moved immediately with comparatively little difficulty, but in the Archangel district there is already a considerable barrier of ice and it is recognized that a quick movement would be attended with great danger. The troops involved include 4,000 Americans and 20,000 British and Canadians. There are also great quantities of supplies and material in that region, which the allies have no intention of abandoning. However, the military problem has been carefully studied and plans are reported to have been completed even to the number and size of the ice breakers that will be required.

Claim Complete Success

Royalists in Portugal Have Proclaimed Monarchy

Paris. — A despatch from Oporto says that royalists sources in Portugal announce the complete success of the royalists at Elvas, 12 miles west of Badajoz. The despatch adds that the troops have proclaimed a monarchy.

Lisbon. — Monarchist troops, it is announced, have been defeated in action at Covilha, southeast of Oporto, near the Spanish frontier, by republican forces under Lieut. Feurtges, who are advancing on guard to the northeast. The republican flag now floats over the towns of Covilha and Castello Branco and the monarchists are retreating on Regoa, where their headquarters have been established.

Along the coast the republicans have occupied Foz de Aregua and the monarchists are evacuating Estarreja, south of Oporto. Communication with Lisbon has been restored as far north as Aveiro.

Military courts have been established to consider the question of dismissing civil and military officials hostile to the republican regime. The government, it is added, has no confidence in the wardens of the prisons and penitentiaries and will dismiss them.

The government announces that the monarchist elements in the country will be held responsible for all damages in the zone where fighting is now going on, as well as for money expended in putting down the monarchist movement.

Allies Must Watch Germany

Brother-in-Law of Former Russian Emperor Issues Warning

Paris. — The former Grand Duke Alexander Michailovich, brother-in-law of the former Russian emperor, who has arrived in Paris, as he declares, "not for political purposes, but to make known the truth about Russia," says in an interview in the Matin that the allies must beware of Germany in Russia.

"France has every reason to 'save Russia,'" he declared. "If you do not intervene now, he sure that Germany will intervene in her own time. Beware of Germany. That people, which is now at your mercy, hides within itself a hate which shall find its first revenge in Russia."

"A league of nations or a society of peoples is a such talked of. It remains to be seen if the nations will not have dealt themselves a mortal blow by hesitating too long to cleanse the Russian soil which threatens to contaminate the whole world."

France Takes Stern Measures To Suppress Food Profiteers

Paris. — The government bill under which it is intended to repress increased prices of foodstuffs and speculation in, and the cornering of foodstuffs, has been drafted. The cabinet met and examined into the subject of the increased cost of living and it was decided then to prepare the bill.

Under the measure, any attempt to interfere with free commercial competition would be punished by a prison sentence ranging from a month to a year and a fine of from 500 francs to 50,000 francs. Attempted interference was carefully defined in broad language in the bill. Penalties are provided on a greatly increased scale in the case of a person operating illegally in a commodity in which he does not deal habitually.

Publicity is to be given to persons convicted, not in the newspapers, but by affixing documents to their homes, shops, or other places of business. The trial court is to fix the size of the notice to be posted and the time it shall remain exposed. Extra penalties are provided for the suppression or concealing of notices by conviction or conviction of notices by conviction.

A provision of the bill is that a second offender, on conviction, may be forbidden to exercise any trade for five years and also forbidden to accept employment in any capacity in the establishment in which he has previously worked.

The Trail of the Hun



The River, Scheldt and broken bridge at Tournai

Need Long Credits

In Order to Give the Nations Breathing Time

Paris. — Alvin W. Krehl, president of the Equitable Trust company of New York, who is visiting France for the purpose of studying the financial condition, and, if possible, ameliorating it, said to the Associated Press:

"The temporary suspension of liquidation by the governments to one another ought to be one of the first expedients of inter-governmental finance. I mean that for the present we should have an international moratorium between the governments in order to give the nations breathing time."

"France owes England and America; Belgium owes France, England and America; Italy owes England, France and America. The small nations owe the big one. No one of them, large or small, can conveniently pay at the moment. Hence, they all need an international moratorium, to afford time for reconstruction. Even Germany must have time to make payments."

"It seems to me that this is the time that America, with infinite advantage to herself, may supplement her military support, now that the occasion for such support has practically disappeared, becoming a general factor in the establishment of a intimate union with France for the promotion of the material interests of both countries."

Wounded Coming Via U. S.

Washington. — Plans for landing wounded Canadian troops at Portland, Maine, with the approval of the United States government, were announced by the American Red Cross. Transfer of the men by rail across Maine and New Hampshire will cut many hours off their journey homeward from France. The first load will depart at Portland in a few days, two consignments a month being planned.

The Canada, the first of the wooden 1,500 ton steamers being built in British Columbia for the French government, has been launched from the Lyall shipyards at Vancouver. Twenty of the ships are being built in Vancouver, and twenty at Victoria.

Besse & Huggins

The Implement Men

McCormick and Deering Harvesting Machines
Titan and Mogul Tractors
Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Chinook, Alta.

**Walter M. Crockett
& Company**
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections
Chinook, Alta.

Have Your Photograph Taken
AT
**DILLON'S
PHOTO STUDIO**
Two doors south of Postoffice
CHINOOK

MR. FARMER!

Now is the time to get that
old harness repaired and oiled
and be ready for spring work

All Repairing neatly and
promptly done

Chinook Harness Shop

S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

Old Massey-Harris Building
Opposite the Hotel

Chinook

Under New Management

Chinook Livery and Feed Barn

First-class Teams and Rigs.

The best of Hay ALWAYS

Draying in connection

Our Motto—"Service"

Give us a call

R. D. VANHOOK, Prop'r



J.M. DAVIS

PROVINCIAL AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of
uction Sales. Terms moderate

CHINOOK.

Dates can be made at this office

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

CHINOOK LODGE, No. 40, meets
on the First and Third Thursdays
of every month in their Castle Hall,
Arm's Block, Chinook.
Visiting members are cordially in-
vited to attend.

E. R. Dell, C.C.

C. E. Neff, K.R. & S.



Chinook Lodge, No. 113, meets
Monday, at 8 p.m., in Arm's hall,
Chinook. Visiting members are cor-
dially invited.

N. Kerry, N.G.

F. Boyer, R.S.

M. L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended
to
Office: Opp. Crown Lumber
yard

MAH BROS CAFE

Regular first class meals 40c
Board and Room by the week
very reasonable

Short Order at all hours
Confectionery, Cigars, Cigarettes
and Tobaccos

Room, Building and Furniture
all completely new

The Korean Wife.
In Korea the rooms of a wife of
mother are the sanctuary of any man
who breaks the law. Unless for treat-
ment or for some other crime he cannot
be forced to leave those rooms, and so
long as he remains under the protection
of his wife's apartments he is secure
from the officers of the law.

Don't Be Comfortable.
An author who had been jailed for
debt wrote to his wife: "Do me the
favor to send me my Sinksweeper, my
nightgown and slippers, my pipe and
all letters asking for autographs and
containing stamps. I want to be com-
fortable and at peace with the world."

A Slow Photographer.
Irate Female—Look here. Do you
mean to tell me that I have got such
an ugly looking nose as that? Photog-
rapher—But my apparatus cannot lie.
I am sure. Irate Female—Then, for good-
ness sake, go and get one that can.

The Monster Diplodocus.
Dr. Andrew Wilson speaks of that
huge extinct reptile, the diplodocus,
whose bones Andrew Carnegie present-
ed to the South Kensington museum in
London as a "dragon." "If we could
imagine it restored," says Dr. Wilson,
"we should be tempted to imagine that
the dragon legends of old had some
foundation in fact. As a rule, these
creatures—dinosaurs, as they are called
—were huge, bulky animals. Mr. Car-
negie's specimen has been estimated to
have possessed a length in life of
about seventy feet. The diplodocus,
with regard to its personal character-
istics, appears to have possessed a
head of very moderate size indeed,
considered relatively to the animal's
bulk. Its jaws are weak, and its teeth
are borne by the front of the jaws
only. That it fed on soft vegetable
matter would therefore appear to be an
inference fairly warranted by the
facts, yet, like the vegetarian elephant,
it may have been capable of fierce en-
durance enough in its day. To feed
on plants is not always commensurate
with mildness of temper, as every vicious
horse testifies. We may therefore
believe that the diplodocus, if not a
swimmer, at least had aquatic habits."

Nearly as Bad.
Skids—Is he one of those fellows
who are always tickled to death to get
something for nothing?
Skittles—Well, not exactly, but he
always acts as if he was a philan-
thropist when he refuses a transfer.

Her Idea.
Benah—I see it has been unofficially
estimated that the ice cream consump-
tion of the United States is about five
quarts per capita annually.
Belle—Yes, but are there such stingy
things—Yonkers Statesman.

Her Heart Was Right.
Genevieve E. A. Lipsett, secretary
of the Winnipeg Women's Press Club,
has charge of all the feminine let-
ters of The Telegram. One of the
features under her jurisdiction is the
"Bumming Society." In this column
one day last week she described the
pitiful condition of a poor woman
with a young infant. The husband
had been out of work for several
weeks, and there was an empty
pantry.
Shortly after four o'clock of the
day on which the story appeared a
small boy and girl with beaming
faces came into Miss Lipsett's office
loaded down with packages. One
contained a joint of beef. She thank-
ed her visitors, promised the
good things should be delivered
promptly. Then she asked the chil-
dren their names.
"No, we can't tell you our names,"
said the little girl decisively, "cause
you might put them in the paper and
our butcher might see them, and we
owe him a big bill—and we don't
want him to know we have any
money to buy things to give away."
do we have?

MONEY TO LOAN

Oslor, Hammond and Nanton,
general agents for
North of Scotland and other
Mortgage Companies
have \$30,000,000 invested in farm
loans in the West, the returns from
which they re-invest in the same way.
They have lots of money now. Their
inspector, Mr. Stickney, who was in
the district a few days ago, says
"They have barrels of money, and
that no good loan will be refused."
Let them renew the loan you have
on your homestead, and give you
more on your pre-emption, give
you money to prove it up if you wish.
Or let them give you a loan as
large, and probably larger, than you
can get elsewhere. The district needs
all the money we can get hold of in
this way. Pay up your indebtedness
to the bank, to the municipality, to
the school, and to others. We can
furnish the money. Loans for five
years, repayable in three years, with-
out extra charge. Interest at 8 per
cent.—nothing but the interest to pay
each year.

LORNE PROUDFOOT,
Agent, Chinook

CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$2 00
" No. 2	1 97
" No. 3	1 92
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	70
Oats, feed	67
Barley	1 00
Flax	3 10
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	60 00
Eggs	50
Butter	35



Read the Figures

Notice how the cost—and the
cash value—of the stamp ad-
vances each month until, on the
1st day of January, 1924, the
Dominion of Canada is pledged
to pay \$5.00 for each W.S.S.

ACTUAL
SIZE OF
W-S
S

W. W. ISBISTER GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpener.

Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work
Repairing.

For Loans & Insurance see JAS. RENNIE

The best companies and most liberal terms

Lost

On Monday, Jan 13th, a nearly white
Female Coyote Hound, had collar
on J. R. MASSEY
Chinook P.O.

Will Trade

Three head Mares and all or part
of 10 head of Colts for cattle. Also
will take pure cattle and break
for 25-45 Mogul Engine and 8 bottom
plow.
CHAS C. WILSON
Sec 30-31-6 Sedalia, Alta.

Strayed

Two Pigs, 150 lbs each, from 17-29-7
\$10.00 Reward. JOS. DEMAN
Chinook, Alta.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH- WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THE sole heir of a family, or any male over 18
years old, may homestead a quarter section
of available Dominion land in Manitoba,
Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear
in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-
Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be
made at any Dominion Land Agency (but not Sub-
Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation
of the land in each of three years. A homesteader
may live within nine miles of his homestead on a
farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A
habitable house is required, except where residence
is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing
may pre-empt a quarter section, alongside his home-
stead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months' residence in each of six years
upon and cultivation of the land; also 30 acres extra
cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as
soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead
right may take a purchased homestead in certain
districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside
six months in each of three years, cultivate 30 acres
of arable land worth \$1.00 per acre.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in
case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock
may be substituted for cultivation under certain con-
ditions.

W. W. COOK, C.M.G.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement
will be prosecuted.

Notice for Nomination for Municipal Elections

D. M. OF SOUNDING CREEK
No. 273

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, 1919

Public Notice

Is hereby given that a meeting of the
Electors of the Municipal District of
Sounding Creek, No. 273, will be held
at the K. of P. hall, Youngstown, at
one o'clock in the afternoon, on
Thursday, the twentieth day of Feb.,
1919, for the discussion of the affairs
of the District, and for the Nomina-
tion of Candidates for the office of
Councilors, and that such nomina-
tions will be received from the hour
of three o'clock until the hour of four
o'clock in the afternoon.
Given under my hand this eighteenth
day of January, A.D. 1919
G. S. COAD,
Returning Officer

M. D. of Sounding Creek, No. 273.

NOTICE

Public Notice is hereby given that
applications will be received up to
the twentieth day of February next
for No. 1 Seed Oats, purchased from
the Dominion Seed Commission, on
a cash basis at a price of \$1.15 per
bushel Youngstown and Chinook,
plus handling charges. This price
subject to advance.

L. M. COLPITTS,

Sec.-Treas. M. D. of
Sounding Creek, No. 273

Duroc Jersey Boar kept at
1/2 6-28-7

For Sale

Fresh Milk Cow, four years old,
Apply to **ALLAN MARR,**
half 22-28-8 Chinook, Alta.

Adjustment of Affairs in Russia Seems Impossible

Paris. — In view of the decision of the peace conference to negotiate with all the constituted Russian governments, including the Bolsheviks, it is well to recapitulate the Bolshevik ideas concerning foreign commerce. The material is taken from a Russian bureau document. All banks are nationalized and no foreign bank or other foreign business enterprise is allowed in Russia.

Participation of foreign capital in the development of Russian industry is permitted only in the following way: Money may be borrowed in foreign countries only to finance the machinery and material needed in the organization of productive industries. No foreign stockholder or bondholder is allowed in any Russian enterprise. The only security that would be offered for foreign loans would be the admission to the factories of technical experts and engineers, appointed by the foreigners loaning money. These experts would assist in developing the industry to which the money was loaned.

No foreign imports are allowed except those used in developing Russian industry. The importation of foreign articles for general use is

forbidden. It is evident that the Bolsheviks have intended to raise a Chinese wall of exclusion against the manufactured products of the rest of the world. Such a system naturally is viewed with alarm by other manufacturing countries. The Bolsheviks further plan that no goods, even foreign, be paid in money but by transfer of credit in the national Russian bank. The plan contemplates that the nationalized industries shall produce only for national consumption. All private retailing and wholesaling concerns would be abolished. All transfer of goods would be handled by co-operatives.

The state would control and distribute the raw material. As there would be no export of manufactured goods or raw material no imports of any kind could be paid for. This plan has not been attempted or applied in Russia because the government has not been able to erect on any economic system in the chaotic condition of the country. However, as the plan represents the Bolshevik aims it will no doubt be discussed provided the conferences between the allies and the constituted Russian governments take place.

Will Feel Effects For Generations

War Cost Every Individual in Dominion \$250.00

Toronto. — Speaking at the Canadian club here on the purpose and plans of the national war savings committee, Sir Herbert Ames, chairman of that committee, at the outset referred to the losses sustained by Canada during the war.

"Sixty thousand men," he said, "are coming back, broken in health and maimed in limb. We can, with a somewhat greater definiteness, estimate financial losses. First comes the actual cost of the war; the disbursements made in raising, equipping and maintaining our troops. This will approximate \$1,400,000,000. Then we have assumed—and rightly—the burden of supporting the widows and assisting the disabled civil. This obligation capitalized, would represent an indebtedness of not less than \$600,000,000 more. While it is probably yet too early to accurately determine what financial burden the war has placed upon Canada, I think we may assume that it represents a capitalized amount of at least \$2,000,000,000; that is to say, a debt of \$250 on every inhabitant in the Dominion. As yet we are unconscious of this burden, but it is inevitable that we and those who come after us, should feel the effects of this war for generations.

Serious though the situation is in Canada, the outlook is hopeful and we believe that Canada will be one of the first nations of the world to emerge from the incubus of the war."

Livestock Sales

How Alberta's Live Stock Industry Is Growing

The growth of the livestock industry in Alberta is reflected in the increase in business at the stockyards at Calgary and Edmonton during the last four years.

In 1914, there were forty pens in the Calgary yards, and 42,311 head of stock were handled. By 1917 the accommodation had been considerably increased and the business had doubled, 92,578 head of cattle passing through the yard in this year. Last year showed still further progress, no fewer than 145,545 cattle being handled, in addition to increased numbers of hogs and sheep. Since 1914 the accommodation had been gradually increased, until there were 240 pens in the yards last year. But the limit of expansion is still a long way off, and further enlargements will have to be made to meet the ever increasing trade.

The business at the stockyards at Edmonton is likewise growing fast. The number of cattle handled in 1918 was about one and a half times greater than in the previous year. During the year the accommodation of the yards was doubled, but here, too, further extensions will have to be made shortly to keep up with the business.

A very interesting feature of the livestock business in Alberta last year is that almost one-half of the cattle received went back to the country for finishing.

Socialists are Strong

Are Supported by Majority of German Voters

London. — It is impossible as yet to clearly forecast the results of the German election, according to an official wireless dispatch sent out from Berlin and picked up here. The impression prevails, however, the dispatch says, that the Majority Socialists have by far the strongest party while the Democrats will doubtless stand at the head of the non-Socialist parties. It is presumed, it is said, that the Majority Socialists and Democrats, supported by an overwhelming majority of the people, will be in position to dominate the national assembly.

The dispatch adds that the German armistice commission has announced that according to a statement made by Marshal Foch at Treves, six transports for about 25,000 German soldiers assembled at Nikolayev, Russia, as well as German troops at Latakia, Syria, will be ordered by the entente. It is said that only one of the allied powers has not agreed to the plan.

Will Establish Briquette Plants

With Capacity of Producing 30,000 Tons Per Year

St. Andrews, Man. — Thomas Hay, M.P., speaking under the auspices of the St. Andrews educational society, gave a most interesting address on "The Conservation and Development of Our National Resources." Mr. Hay touched on the subject of timber resources, and the pulp wood and paper industry, coal and fuel, water power, and iron resources.

He assured his hearers that he would support to the full any measures adopted by the government for the conservation of forests and the prevention, as far as possible, of fires which have been responsible in the past for so much damage.

With regard to coal in the middle west Mr. Hay said it was the intention of the government to establish a plant at Estevan at a cost of \$400,000 with a capacity of producing 30,000 tons of briquettes per year, manufactured from the native lignite and sub-bituminous coals of the district, which could compete very favorably with the hard coal now imported from the states.

Deer are Plentiful in Germany
Ottawa. — Writing from Bonn, Germany, Fred James, official correspondent with the Canadian corps, says:

Venison is becoming quite a common item on the menu of some of the Canadian units in the vicinity of the front line east of the Rhine, for deer are very plentiful in the pine forests that stretch across the semicircle area the troops are occupying. In these forests, the Kaiser often went to shoot deer in the autumn and winter.

Were Refused Passports
Capetown. — The South African government has refused passports to General Christian De Wet and Pieter Grobler, a grandson of President Kruger, members of a nationalist deputational congress to go to Paris.

The proposed journey was to lay before the peace congress proposals for an independent South Africa.

Germany Did Not Expect Such a Heavy Burden

Berlin. — State Secretary Erzberger, in response to a request by a U.S. correspondent, gave the following statement regarding the conditions of the armistice from the German point of view. The German people have of late been showing increased interest in the proceedings at Treves which hitherto the armistice conference has been somewhat overshadowed by the uncertain political conditions.

"The German people," said Herr Erzberger, "expected that the armistice would be a short transition period leading to a peace of right based upon President Wilson's fourteen points. They were entitled to this hope because before the determination of the armistice conditions in answer to Mr. Wilson's enquiry all the allied governments had agreed to the fourteen points. So far this hope has been fruitless. More than two months of the armistice period have passed without one of these hopes being realized and we do not know when Germany can enter into negotiations for a preliminary peace. At the same time there is a disappearance more and more in the confidence of the German people in a peace of right."

"The hard terms of the armistice which have become heavier by its prolongation, showed that some of the enemy states wished to profit to the distress of the German people to

procure an advantage which a peace of right would not permit. Thus Britain, through a needless violation of the word and spirit of the determined conditions, secured the seizure of German battleships and cruisers and had them interned in the British port of Scapa Flow instead of a neutral port. Thus France and Belgium secured extreme indemnities on economic and financial grounds through the armistice, though, according to Mr. Wilson's points, this should have been an affair of the peace conference under reparations and restitutions. Thus during the armistice France is building Alsace-Lorraine into an official French department regardless of the fact that, first, the peace conditions must be decided. Even further France is extending the frontiers in her favor in order to take away from Germany the vital coal lands in the Sarre basin.

"Powerless, Germany must permit this to happen and await the destiny which will be dealt her by the hand of her opponent. Germany's joy of hope, born of new times, of the change from autocracy as well as from an awakened idea of a new form of a league of nations, is brutally trampled upon and mocked by those who before the armistice could not be enthusiastic enough about the freedom, equality and fraternity of peoples. The German people are disappointed and embittered."

Report is Misleading

Airplane Plant Was Turned Over to Canadian Government

Ottawa. — Reports from New York saying that a United States syndicate had purchased all the aircraft plants in Canada, together with their entire equipment from the imperial munitions board are characterized in government circles as misleading and incorrect.

Upon the demobilization of the Royal Air Force late in 1918, the imperial munitions board placed at the disposal of the Canadian authorities its various plants and equipment with a view to giving the first choice of those it desired to avail itself of. The government, thereupon, intimated that the airplane and airplane plant at Camp Borden, the best and most adequately equipped in the world, together with the training grounds and other property at the camp, would be suitable for the future development of aviation in Canada and the entire equipment was turned over to the Canadian government.

Appeal to Allies

Governments of Russia Ask for Assistance

Paris. — The governments of Siberia, the Caucasus and the Crimea, have addressed to the Russian representatives gathered in Paris a declaration to be presented to the allies and associated governments. It is in the form of an appeal for help and justice.

The governments, in addressing the allies and associated governments, say they are equally against past and present autocracy and that they are only aiming to establish throughout Russia a modern progressive and enlightened form of government, granting to all racial sects cultural freedom on the broadest lines, thus insuring the widest possible autonomy and the maintenance of the unity of the nation.

No Flu in Yukon

Dawson. — No cases of Spanish influenza have developed as yet in the Yukon. George MacKenzie, commissioner for the Yukon, who is returning from Ottawa, held a conference at Skagway with the health officer at that point. The health officer said that at that point no influenza had been reported and all agreed that an indefinite quarantine would be continued there until the last vestige of the disease had disappeared. The quarantine will be enforced rigidly when spring travel and navigation opens. All incoming travellers are quarantined at Skagway for five days, and the quarantine has proved efficient.

Saskatchewan's Butter Exports

Ninety-seven cases of butter, valued at \$1,215,000, were exported from Saskatchewan last year. This is a gain of eighteen cases over the year 1917, and an increase of \$330,000 in value. Part of the increase in value is due to higher prices that were ruling in 1918 over those of the previous year. Notwithstanding this the year's working shows satisfactory progress.

Monroe Doctrine Might Apply to Australia

Sensor Borah Sees Spectre of Trouble in International With Other Nations' Doctrines

Washington. — Vigorous opposition to plans reported from Paris for the international government of former German colonies was considered in the senate.

The speaker said he was not in favor of the United States assuming any "obligation to control, govern, or be responsible for any part of the German possessions."

Senator Borah said Australia, in demanding the German islands of the Pacific had announced a Monroe doctrine for Australia, and added:

"If we, as a member of a league, interfere with the Monroe doctrine of Japan, or of some other nation, how long it would be before they would interfere with our Monroe doctrine?"

Cannot Discourage Forces in Russia

Bolsheviks Now on Offensive Against Four Columns of Allies and Russians

Archangel. — The Bolsheviks are now on the offensive with infantry or artillery, or both, against four of the seven thin columns of the allies and Russians which have penetrated southward through the frozen forest swamps of the province of Archangel. The enemy entered Shenskur, while the third column of Americans, Russians and British, which have evacuated Shenskur, marched in a roundabout way over the deep snow on the road, evading a force of several hundred of the enemy who waited on the main high road to trap the column in its retreat.

In good spirits, despite long marches in the cold and ten days of hard fighting, the troops of the allied forces were at Shogovari, approximately thirty miles north of Shenskur on the Vaga river. The enemy apparently is sending patrols to follow the retreating troops, but no new attacks had been made on this sector.

Buxton Used as Discharge Depot

London. — The Canadian discharge depot at Buxton, Col. Paul Hansen commanding is for the future to be used for sending married men with dependents in England home. The discharge depot will work in conjunction with the Canadian immigration offices in London, which are now charged with the repatriation of soldiers' dependents. The new arrangements are confidently expected to work efficiently and to obviate the dissatisfaction which existed in the past and which cannot be denied has often been legitimate.

Strikers Unloaded Coal

Belfast. — The strike committee ordered the strikers to resume work to permit the unloading of coal from ships. This action was taken because the strikers began to feel the pinch of cold and the lack of gas for cooking. Otherwise idleness is virtually complete.

Crowds in the streets were more dense than ever and there was much jostling, shouting and singing. The streets were in absolute darkness, except for the lights from cars and lanterns carried by pedestrians.

U. S. Will Supply Food

But Germany Must Find Money to Pay For It

New York. — Under the general food program outlined by the allies, Germany will be allowed about 6,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs annually, mostly from the United States. If she finds the money to pay for it, according to a detailed statement of foreign grain requirements tabled by Herbert C. Hoover to Julius Barnes, president of the United States Grain Corporation and made public here.

Between now and July, France and Italy will take 80,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour from the grain corporation, while the allied governments will take also about 75,000,000 bushels of oats.

Government to Fight Rebellion

Is Concentrating Large Bodies of Troops

Lisbon. — The government is assembling large bodies of troops to put down the Royalist rebellion at Oporto, says an official statement issued in which the republican victory over the rebellious Lisbon troops at Monsanto Hill near the capital, is described. The statement says:

A certain number of units belonging to the Lisbon garrison declared in favor of the Oporto royalist rebels on January 23. They left their barracks and took up positions in the mountains of Monsanto above Lisbon. Their forces were composed of one regiment of cavalry and three battalions of field artillery.

The government immediately ordered faithful troops to surround the position and opened fire for the enrollment of civilian battalions, under the command of army officers.

A few hours more than 9,000 enrolled. The rebels were surrounded and promptly defeated. Their guns were captured and what remained of their cavalry fled in disorder, closely pursued by the republican troops.

The news of the victory aroused great enthusiasm in Lisbon. Ayres Ornelas, the chief officer of King Manuel, was with the rebel troops. (A Lisbon dispatch recently reported that Ornelas had been killed in the Monsanto hill fighting).

The government is concentrating large bodies of troops with the object of suppressing the Oporto rebellion.

Paris. — Portuguese royalists are completely in control of the province of Minho and Trás-os-Montes, according to a wireless dispatch from Madrid to the Journal des Debats.

Advices to the same newspaper say that it is reported that the republican troops which were defeated by the monarchists at Coimbra, are about to go over to the cause of the monarchists.

The provinces of Minho and Trás-os-Montes are in Northern Portugal.

They have been the centre of monarchist operations recently and it was reported from Vigo that former King Manuel of Portugal had landed in Minho.

Sinn Féiners to Be Released

London. — The Times publishes a despatch from Dublin, stating it has been learned from authoritative sources that the government has decided to release Sinn Féin members of parliament now in English prisons.

Czechs Will Occupy Eastern Silesia

Allied Troops Will Not Be Concerned in Occupation

London. — President Masaryk, of the Czechoslovak republic, according to an official statement made by him and received here by wireless from Warsaw, has announced that Czechoslovak troops will occupy eastern Silesia. He denies that allied troops will be concerned in the occupation.

The president's statement follows: "In view of the unsatisfactory conditions in Eastern Silesia, the Czechoslovak government has decided to occupy the province with Czechoslovak troops. All statements appearing in the press declaring that the government has decided to occupy Eastern Silesia are without authorization and entirely incorrect. The British, American, French and Italian officers mentioned in the newspapers are attached to the Czechoslovak army and take their orders from the Czechoslovak government. The Czechoslovak army is being employed in the region."

Inferior Seeds will be Barred

Regulations Are to Be Enforced at Ports of Entry

Ottawa. — Regulations adopted some time ago to protect farmers from the evils arising from planting inferior seeds from other countries are to be enforced by Canadian customs officials at ports of entry. These officials have been instructed to forward to the Dominion seed laboratory for examination samples of lots of seeds entered for consumption in Canada. Seed that has arrived in Canada and is found to be unfit shall be deported under the customs supervision. The penalty for failing to comply with these regulations is \$500 for the first offence and not exceeding \$1,000 for the second and subsequent offences.

Revolt in Rumania

Vienna. — A peasant revolution has broken out over the length and breadth of Rumania, according to despatches from Budapest. A simultaneous rising occurred in all the villages a few days ago, when well-armed home-owning soldiers, heading the insurgents, forced their way into the various towns, resulting in sanguinary encounters with the regular troops.

In Bucharest, the despatches say, there was fighting all day long, the regulars employing machine guns. Many were killed or wounded. Social revolutionists joined in the movement.

Reparati a First

Copenhagen. — The Norwegian sailors' organization has passed a resolution declining to assist in carrying food to Germany until the German government has paid an indemnity of \$4,000,000 for members of their organization who were victims of submarine.

Rumania Had Secret Treaty

Signed in August, 1916, as Condition of Entry Into War

Paris. — While the supreme council of the great powers was occupied with some of the lesser controversies—the Balkans and Poland—the chief business was in private conference as having led to the decision of the council.

Having accepted the American plan for supervision of the colonies by the league of nations, it has now become necessary to give body and substance to the league in order that it may perform tasks committed to its care. This is regarded as the chief business immediately ahead, and President Wilson is giving it his main attention.

Two premiers, of Rumania and Serbia, Mr. Bratianu, and Mr. Pachitch, were heard by the council on the boundary issue, the last question between them. It developed that another secret treaty was signed in August, 1916, as a condition of Rumania's entry into the war, under which Rumania was holding all the territory within designated river boundaries.

M. Pachitch, on behalf of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, declared that the Rumanian treaty was made without the knowledge of Serbia, which was largely concerned in it. He invoked the principle of nationality which President Wilson has enunciated in support of the claim of the Serbians to the region in which he asserted the Serbs largely exceeded the Rumanians.

Although the hearing showed a sharp difference in views, there is reason to believe that mutual concessions will lead to an agreement between Serbia and Rumania, or, if not, that a commission will be appointed to deal with the subject.

Flu Hard on Moose

Fort William, Ont. — Moose are dying in the north woods by the score of Spanish flu. Bushmen coming to town tell of finding numerous bodies of the beasts lying in the woods where they succumbed to the disease. The animals have no trace of wounds upon them and both bulls and cows have been seen in such a state of exhaustion they made no attempt to run away when approached by men. Others have been seen collapsing while they lay at the nose from hemorrhage identical with that of Spanish influenza in human beings. If the plague continues to take toll at its present rate, lumbermen say, there will be few of the lordly kings of the trails in Thunder Bay district by next hunting season.

Alberta Population

Calgary. — According to an article in the Morning Albertan, the population of Alberta is 579,000. The former figure was 499,525. As the annual subsidy is fifty cents a head this means an increase in the total subsidy this year of \$65,000. Alberta is now crowding Manitoba close for fourth place, if it has not already passed it.

A GREAT
STOMACH BRACERMakes You Feel Lively and
Young—Removes That
Tired Feeling

At some period in our lives there is sure to come a time when the stomach is "off"—not working well—fails to enjoy and digest its food. Main thing there is to get the right remedy. You really want a soothing, medicine, one which to act, sure of results, combining the virtues of a gentle laxative with a tonic effect upon the stomach, liver and kidneys. Certainly the world affords no better medicines for the stomach than Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrak and Butternut. Their laxative effect is ideal—can't be beaten. But in addition to their laxative action upon the bowels, these pills contain certain ingredients that strengthen and invigorate the muscles of the stomach, thereby relieving all sorts of stomach misery, indigestion, sourness, rising gas headache and lassitude.

Just try Dr. Hamilton's Pills—they'll make you full of energy—brimming over with snap; they bring and maintain robust, vigorous health, and isn't that just what you've looked for these many months? REFUSE A SUBSTITUTE FOR DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS. 25c per box, all dealers.

Carmen's
Messenger—BY
HAROLD BINDLOSSWARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
LONDON, MELBORN, AND TORONTO

"You're a stranger," the man remarked.

"Yes," said Foster, "I've just come in."

"Looking for business?"

Foster quietly studied the man. He was neatly dressed and looked keen and alert. It was possible that he was a stockbroker, or a real estate agent, which is a common occupation in a western town.

"Well," he said, "I don't often get a chance of a trade go past, but when you're in a strange place, the trouble is to tell if you've got a snap or not."

"Sure thing," agreed the other. "What's your line?"

"Dressed lumber."

"Then I can't do much for you, but there's quite a lot of new construction planned and the boys will get busy as soon as the first breaks," said the man.

He went on to talk about the trade of the town and province, and on the whole Foster was glad to hear that in British Columbia before and knew something about the country. It was better to be cautious and he did not want to show he came from the east.

By and by another man crossed the floor and picked up a newspaper that lay near. As he did so, he gave Foster a careless glance, and then went back to the book he had been reading. This was at some distance from the heaters and near the entrance, to which people kept coming, but it commanded the spot that Foster and his companion occupied. Foster, however, did not detect him watching them and some time afterwards the other man went out.

Nothing happened next day, but Foster stopped at the office in the evening called for Pete, whom he had sent to a different hotel, and strolled down the snowy street. It was very cold and few people were about. A full moon hung above the summit of the range, and the climbing points cut rugged black masses against the snow. After crossing a bridge on the outskirts of the town they stopped and looked about.

A few half-finished houses stood among blackened stumps in a cleared belt, where there were rubbish heaps and willows were springing up, but a little farther on the forest rose in a shadowy wall. It was quiet except for the roar of the river, and Foster shivered as he filled his pipe.

"It's a nipping wind, I'd better go down the bank a bit before I try to get a light," he said.

He pushed through the willows growing beside the creek, but dropped his match box, and Pete came to help him in the search. They found it, but before he could strike a match a man topped at the foot of the bridge and looked back up the street. Foster, who thought he was the fellow who had spoken to him at the hotel, touched Pete, and they stood very still.

The man might have seen them had he glanced back, but although the branches broke the outline of their figures, but he was looking back, as if he expected somebody to come up behind, and after a few moments went on again. He crossed the clearing towards a fence that seemed to indicate a road following the edge of the forest, and vanished into the gloom of the trees. Then as Foster lighted his pipe, another man came quickly across the bridge and took the same direction as the first.

Your
Eyes

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Retrospect and Healing Lotion—Murine for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids.

"Do You" After the Most Modern and Scientific Method with your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Murine when you have a sore eye. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

W. N. U. 1250

FARM ARCHITECTURE AND BUILDING

Folly for Builders to
Hold for Lower PricesDuty of Business to Go Ahead Say
Big Men of United States

A tendency on the part of business men to hold back new enterprises in expectation of lower commodity prices and wages is a mistake, in the opinion of Joseph E. Otis, vice-president and acting head of the Central Trust company of Illinois.

"I have no sympathy for the man who is sitting back, waiting for lower prices," said Mr. Otis. "The people who are waiting a drastic decline in prices aren't going to get it; they are going to get left. In other words, I don't believe we are going to see any immediate and drastic decline in commodity prices. There is a world-wide scarcity of many materials, and production costs are going to continue abnormally high."

"We have had perhaps a certain amount of inflation. To the extent that present high prices are due to that cause, moreover, we can expect no immediate decline. The process of deflation will be gradual."

"If we were all to hold back awaiting lower prices we should produce conditions of a sort that would benefit no one. It is the duty of business to go ahead and seize the opportunities now awaiting. If a manufacturer were to defer building needed additions to his plant in the hope of securing a lower construction cost at some indefinite time in the future, he probably would lose more profit on goods which he might have been producing and selling in the meantime than he will save on cheaper construction costs."

Frank W. Thomas, of A. O. Slaughter & Co., said recently:

"In considering the outlook for commodity prices we must bear in mind that wages, which are at a time high for an indefinite time, and that European competition, formerly so keenly felt in our markets, is not going to be so severe as it was before the war. Wages have been advanced abroad, with no immediate prospect of their return to the pre-war basis."

Frank A. Vandercip, president of the National City Bank of New York, in an address delivered in that city recently, declared that it is possible to transfer 15,000,000 men now engaged in war activities to works of peace without drastically disturbing conditions.

"I would not argue that we can make this transition without any jolt," he said. "There will be some. But I believe that the demand for labor is so great that it is possible to make the transition without disturbance."

"We may make a cushion of public works. That is possible. But there are really tremendous orders that may now be executed, and on the whole, I would not be surprised to find that we shall see no surplus of labor, providing labor and the employer of labor each does his best to help in this readjustment."

John N. Willys, president of Willys-Overland company, says:

"I never knew a man to escape failure in either mind or body who worked seven days a week—Sir Robert Peel."

What a quiet old world this would be if nobody spoke except those who knew what they were talking about.—Detroit News.

Women in all
Parts of CanadaTELL OF THE HEALTH DODD'S
KIDNEY PILLS BRINGThey Made a New Woman of Mrs.
John Mortimer, Who Was a Victim
of Kidney Disease

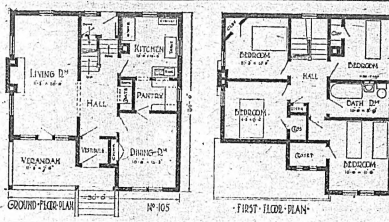
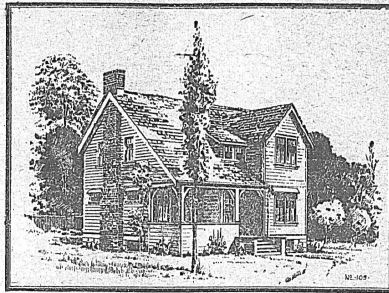
Glasgow, Sask., February 10, (Special).—"Three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made a new woman of me." Those are the words of Mrs. John Mortimer, of this place. They are words that have been used again and again by women in all parts of Canada. I have suffered from kidney trouble for years, and I had been told that I was a victim of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I tried everything, but I could get no relief. I was advised to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and I sent to Toronto for them. The day I received them I took three before going to bed, and I felt a lot better next morning.

"I took them according to directions, and in one week I was as well as ever. I can now do all my housework. If I overwork and my back feels weak I take a Dodd's Kidney Pill, and feel better in a few hours. I have recommended them to my friends, and they also have benefited. If you haven't used Dodd's Kidney Pills ask your neighbors about them."

(To Be Continued)

As our bodies to be in health must be generally exercised, so our minds to be in health must be generally cultivated.—John Ruskin.

AN ARTISTIC HOME



Shown herewith is a home of somebody's choice. May we help you to analyze it?

This home will display itself to real advantage on a lot with fifty feet frontage, though it may be built on a smaller lot, the house as shown being 30 feet by 30 feet. The attractiveness of the exterior is due to the fact that architecturally the house is correctly proportioned, as well as that the lines are artistically correct and the finishing details such as the outside fireplace chimney, have not been overlooked.

The presence of the French window opening from the living room on to the veranda adds a detail that is usually absent in a house not designed by a professional architect.

The floor plans or room arrangement is worthy of appreciation.

A house with a central hall lends itself to good planning. Entering

"Material prices and wages are not likely to come down in a hurry. With the passing of the first flurry of unavailability of prices which followed the signing of the armistice there is a noticeable steadying of the market."—From Chicago Daily News, December 19, 1918.

and should be increased, as it tended to make sales for the individual dealer. In the case of small buildings he suggested, however, that it might be a good plan to cut off some of the frills and details.

If there is nothing in plan book that the customer wanted, it raised the point with the customer as to just what he does want, and gives the dealer a chance to propose something along the line of what the customer does want. The subject is then opened up, and it is a question of salesmanship from then on.

In one case this dealer had sent out a plan, and the customer came back with a number of improvements that could well be worked into the plan. This proved a great drawing card for the customer, and the result was that the service department came in for considerable good wishes on the part of the customer.

This delegate would not hear of any curtailment in the matter of the service department.

It was also pointed out that at times there were certain discrepancies in the plans sent out—that in point of the material required for the building, but it was also pointed out that in very few cases can there be found two contractors to agree on the amount of the material required.

This argument simmered down to the point that it was all a matter of the man employed on the job. The outcome of the discussion was that the convention agreed that with any reasonable workshop on any plan sent out by the department, the details were in almost every case sufficient to fill the bill.

75,000 in Air Force
London.—The air force for the armies of occupation, says an official announcement, has been selected on the same basis and with the same equipment as other branches of the service. Six thousand five hundred officers and 75,000 men will be retained out of approximately 300,000.

The discussion showed that the service department was of great assistance in the matter of securing sales, as one delegate remarked, "it gives greater service than any other can possibly give." He realized that the efficiency of the department must be maintained to its present standard.

"Service should not be curtailed," he said, "but rather it should be developed to a greater degree of efficiency. We are living in a new country," he told his hearers, "and the demand for better housing facilities, which must continue if the present development and improvement is to continue."

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WORKING DRAWINGS
AND HOUSE PLANS

Our Farm Architecture and Building Department have made arrangements to furnish blue print working drawings of the buildings shown here, weekly for the benefit of our readers at a nominal price of five dollars per sheet.

Address Architecture Dept., this office.

Building Notes

The Postage is Prairie Agricultural Society is having plans prepared for a large livestock stable, which will be erected on the Island Park fair grounds.

Country papers report that local lumber yards are being stocked up heavily in anticipation of an active season's business. Lumbermen will contemplate building new homes and barns.

The Hudson's Bay Company is erecting a new store at Sioux Lookout. The building will be constructed along modern lines and will be electrically lighted.

Entertainments are being given by Oddfellow lodges in various parts of the country in aid of the old folks home which is to be built by the order in St. Vital on a site overlooking the Red river just outside of Winnipeg. The war has increased the need of such a home and its construction is being hastened as far as possible. The institution will provide accommodation for aged and indigent members of the order, also widows and orphans who may require a helping hand.

Plans are in course of preparation for the proposed inter-provincial deaf mutes' home, estimated at \$1,000,000.

WAS PULLED THROUGH

THE TRYING TIME
IN A WOMAN'S LIFE

Mrs. H. Membury, 325 Seaton St., Toronto, Ont., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and found them to be of great benefit to me, in fact I consider they saved my life. After I received an awful shock that nearly killed me. The doctor told me to take a course of medicine, but it only seemed to increase the trouble. I was taken to the hospital. The doctors examined me, but could not understand my case."

Then they sent for a specialist, at the hospital, and it was found that I was suffering from a heart ailment. When the specialist came he was baffled, for I answered his questions all right. Every day I was getting weaker and when my husband came he could see that I was going, as I could read his thoughts, but said nothing.

Next day a friend came with a call and took me to their home. They told me to take a course of medicine, but it only seemed to increase the trouble. I was taken to the hospital. The doctors examined me, but could not understand my case."

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ZAM-BUK

Family Balm—No poisonous coloring
Antiseptic—Stops pain—Keeps
Soothing—Ends pain and swelling, etc.
First—Best for baby's rashes.
Keeps all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

Food for Czechs

Paris. — The food administration headquarters announced that the American relief administration had received a shipment of 25,000 tons of food from Trieste at Prague for the Czechoslovakians. The British and Italian governments also are shipping foodstuffs into this region. The entire efforts are being co-ordinated under the supreme food council, with Herbert C. Hoover, director.

GOOD DIGESTION

A GREAT BLESSING

An Acute Sufferer Tells How She Found New Health

Very few people appreciate what good digestion means until they lose it. To be able to eat what you want and to properly digest it is a priceless blessing. But if you find that your digestion is in any way impaired, you cannot afford to risk experiments by trying uncertain remedies. Strong medicines are hard on the stomach; pre-digested foods only aggravate the trouble. What is needed is a tonic that will so strengthen the stomach as to enable it to do its own work. There is no tonic for the stomach that is not at the same time a tonic for every other part of the body. As the blood circulates through all the body an improvement in its condition quickly results in strengthening any weak organ. Rich red blood is absolutely necessary to good digestion. If your stomach is weak, if you are troubled with sour risings after eating, a feeling of nausea at your throat, a feeling of fullness after eating, pains or fluttering about the heart, try at once the tonic treatment of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. So many people have been helped by this treatment that every sufferer from indigestion should promptly try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Among the many who rejoice in a renewed digestion through the use of this medicine is Mrs. William D. Hill, of Ontario, who says: "I suffered for a long time from a severe form of indigestion, and had developed a morbid habit of eating. I had all but given up hope of getting better. Everything I ate caused me intense pain, and some days I did not touch a thing but a cup of cold water, and even that distressed me. As a result I was very much run down, and I was so poorly that I dreaded night coming on. I was continually taking medicine, but was actually growing weaker instead of better. Having often read the cures made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I finally decided to give them a trial. I have had great cause to bless this decision for by the time I had used a couple of boxes there was no doubt the pills were helping me, and in less time I had anticipated the pills had cured me, and I was again enjoying not only good digestion but better health in every way than before."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Better Get Passports

Ottawa. — Canadians travelling abroad other than to the United States, are advised to obtain passports from the passport section, department of external affairs. Notification has also been received from the British embassy at Washington that passports are necessary for all Canadian citizens leaving the United States for no matter what destination.

The Echo de Paris says that disarmed German Zeppelins will be converted into aerial merchantmen to ply between New York and Hamburg.

PERLESS

GIVES AN INTENSE HEAT
WILL NOT CLINKER
LASTS ALL NIGHT
NOT A ROCK IN A
CARLOAD.

Ask Your Dealer

COAL

COAL SELLERS, Limited
Western Canada's Largest Coal
Distributors
905 Union Trusts Building
Winnipeg, Man.

W. N. U. 1250

Monument of Trees

Paris. — The Rev. Father Le-maire, who sits in the chamber of deputies from the department of the Nord, moved his fellow members in the chamber by a speech proposing that an avenue of trees be planted along the entire battlefield, which would serve as a place of pilgrimage for those who do not know where their dead fell. He asked that the government buy the battlefields and make a forest from the North sea to the Vosges mountains. Albert Le-brun, minister of the invaded regions, said cemeteries would be laid out at points where the fighting was heaviest and entire battlefields would be transformed into national monuments.

Offenders Must

Be Made to Suffer

Evidence Being Collected Against Those Who Made War

Paris. — Sir Gordon Heward, the British attorney-general, and member on the committee on responsibility for the war, made a brief statement for the press of the British view of punishment of enemy offenders, according to an official communiqué.

"The British view," said the attorney-general, "undoubtedly is that these offenders, however highly placed, must be made to suffer suitable punishment without any avoidable delay."

"Who precisely are these offenders; what offence will be charged against them, and by what process punishment will be imposed are questions requiring most careful consideration. Nor is it convenient to discuss these questions, as many questions before the peace conference may be discussed, publicly. The commission of offence and punishments are really engaged in a task of criminal investigation and for that task security is no less important than despatch."

"Three sub-committees have already been appointed, one to collect and examine the facts, and the other to consider questions of law."

"The foundation of the whole matter must, of course, be evidence, and in this department, as well as upon questions of law, the commission will derive much assistance from the careful and continuous labors of the committee appointed last November by the law officers of the crown. A great mass of most valuable material has already been brought together, and this work is being continued without pause."

Money Advanced Belgium

Paris. — Ten million francs have been advanced to Belgium by Great Britain, France and the United States, this amount to be deducted from the first instalment of the war indemnity to be paid by Germany, according to Havas despatches from Brussels.

The despatches add that the amount will be raised either by an inter-allied bond issue or by a German loan having priority over all other loans.

Cataral Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by the use of the Catarrhal Deafness Cure, which is a powerful medicine that enters the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed by a runny nose, the Catarrhal Deafness Cure is the only remedy. Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation is removed, the hearing will be destroyed forever. Hence, if deafness is caused by catarrh, which is an inflammation of the Eustachian Tube, the Catarrhal Deafness Cure sets the blood on the mucous surface of the Eustachian Tube. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrhal Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

P. J. KILNEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Italian Warships to Stop Trouble

Rome. — Disorders of an anti-Italian character must be repressed by the commanders of Italian warships anchored or cruising in the waters of Istria, Dalmatia and Albania, according to an order issued by the minister of the navy. At the same time the minister ordered that the warships be kept in readiness to land parties for the repression of disorders and that careful watch be kept that no acts provocative of trouble occur on either side.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Allies Watch Hindenburg

Paris. — Reports coming through materiel, stating that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is raising four army corps for the protection of Germany's eastern frontier in military circles here. The allied military men are interested in particular, for the reason that if Field Marshal von Hindenburg were successful in collecting such a body of troops, its existence would upset the present calculations of Germany's armed strength, on which the size of the allied army of occupation is to be based.

More Subs.
To Be Delivered

London.—Under the terms of the armistice there are 50 more German submarines to surrender to the British navy.

At present there are 98 of these craft in British naval ports, thirty-seven having been distributed among the allied powers for technical examination. These submarines have already sailed for various allied ports where naval constructors will make a careful study of their machinery and internal equipment.

CHILBLAINS

Early and Quickly Cured with
EYEBLIND LINIMENT
For Sale by All Dealers
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs. Nanaimo, Ont.

Edmonton as Centre

When New System of Demobilization Comes Into Force

Edmonton, Alta. — Edmonton will be the centre of demobilization for the territory as far south as Deer, and as far east and west as the provincial boundaries, as soon as the government's scheme comes into force, according to a telegram received from Major General S. C. McEwen, minister of militia, by H. A. MacKie, M.P., as follows: "Your telegram re Edmonton centre demobilization is a disposal of the situation and when new system of demobilization comes into force, possibly this month, all troops desiring to take discharge in the electoral districts of Battle River, Edmonton East, Edmonton West, Strathcona and Victoria will be shipped straight to Edmonton and discharged there."

Prince Rupert's Growth

Customs Receipts Shows Substantial Development

Prince Rupert, B. C. — The customs receipts for Prince Rupert for 1918 totalled \$238,084.78. This shows a substantial development in the port. Fisheries took an important part in the business of the district. Through-out the year, the halibut catch amounted to 15,206,700 pounds; salmon, 89,934,500 pounds; cod, 2,218,900 pounds; herring, 2,390,400 pounds; fish, 1,539,000 pounds. Prince Rupert's landing permits for 1918 presented a total expenditure of \$106,301, of which \$35,400 was spent on the extension of warehouses and wharf buildings along the water front.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Italian Proposes

Universal Tax

Would Provide Sinking Fund for Cancelling Debts

Paris. — A universal tax, the proceeds of which would be put into a common fund along with the indemnities Germany should be made to pay, is proposed by Senator Crespi of the Italian-delegation to the peace conference on the proposition he has made for the establishment of a single financial front for the allies. The tax would furnish interest on that portion of the debts of the allies which Germany had not paid and provide a sinking fund for ultimately cancelling the debts.

Senator Crespi, who said his proposal for a single allied financial front had been well received by allied ministers, declared that his great point was that the central empires as a whole must be forced to compensate the allies for the war damages they have suffered. Responsibility was collective, he said, and all the enemy states would have to pay in proportion to their wealth.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE
(Tablets). It stops the Cough and
cure and works off the Cold. E. W.
GROVES signature on each box. 50c.

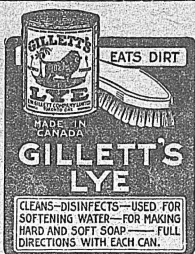
Must Have Passports

Necessary for Canadian Citizens Leaving United States for Any Destination

Ottawa. — Canadians travelling abroad other than to the United States are advised to obtain passports from the passport section, department of external affairs. Notification has also been received from the British embassy at Washington that passports are necessary for all Canadian citizens leaving the United States for no matter what destination. Owing to failure to secure passports, many have been delayed or turned back at United States ports when leaving such ports for Cuba, West Indies, Central and South America.

French General Coming to Canada

Ottawa. — Gen. Paul, the famous French soldier, who has been head of a mission to Australia and the Orient, is expected in Ottawa about the middle of this month. He will arrive in Vancouver this week. The government is providing a special train to carry the distinguished veteran across the continent.



Petrograd BombarDED

St. Petersburg. — Petrograd has been bombarded by Krustadt artillery and many people have been killed, according to travellers who are quoted to this effect by the Finnish papers. Serious disorders are prevalent in the Russian capital.

Gaining Weight
Feeling Fine

Was All Run Down, Tired and Exhausted Before Beginning the Use of Food Cure

Sixsmith, Alta., Feb. 12.—This is the cheering sort of letter that comes from people who have used Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. This treatment forms new, rich blood and rich blood builds up the depleted nerve cells until the thrill of new life and energy is felt in every organ and member of the human body.

"Because Mr. Edwards was also bothered by kidney trouble with the liver and kidneys he also used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to awaken the action of these filtering organs. The combined use of these medicines usually produces most excellent results, even in the most complicated cases."

Mr. Stephen D. Edwards, Sixsmith, Alta., writes: "My nervous system was all run down, and I also suffered with my liver and kidneys. I could not sleep at night, and got up in the morning feeling like a dead man. I decided to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and Kidney-Liver Pills, so I commenced using this combined treatment. It has done me a great deal of good, for I can now sleep well and do not have that tired feeling I used to have in the mornings. I am gaining in weight and feel much better generally."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Send a box of \$2.75. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. 25 cents a box, at all dealers, Edman, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

Manitoba's Dead

Winnipeg, Man. — Manitoba has lost 3,785 in dead, presumed dead and missing on the battlefields in the great war, according to estimates secured from military men. Of this number 1801 are confirmed. Figures for deaths in Manitoba are high, no fewer than 241 being thought to have died in uniform. More than sixty returned men alone have died of influenza.

Asthma Cannot Last when the greatest of all asthma specifics is used. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy assuredly deserves this exalted title. It has countless cures to its credit which other preparations had failed to benefit. It brings help to even the most severe cases and brings the patient to a condition of blessed relief. Surely suffering from asthma is needless when a remedy like this is so easily secured.

Influenza Records

Winnipeg, Man. — The records of the department of public health show that 1,138 people died of influenza in Winnipeg during the epidemic and up to the end of January 1919. Of this total 179 died of pneumonia.

One sure sign that the war is over is the letter of a correspondent asking what finally became of Harry Thaw—Toronto News.

FACE A FRIGHT
WITH PIMPLES

Also On Back. Kept Awake, Cuticura Healed at Cost of 75c.

"My face and back were all broken out with pimples, and my face was a fright to look at. The pimples festered and were so itchy that I scratched until the skin was sore and red. I kept me awake at night."

"When I saw Cuticura I thought I would try them. I was completely healed after using one box of Cuticura Liniment and one cake of Soap." (Signed) Miss Mary Heaton, Cotnam, Ont., August 19, 1917.

Keep your skin clear by using Cuticura Soap and Ointment for every-day toilet purposes. Nothing better. For Free Sample Each by Mail add 5c postage to Cuticura, Dept. A., Boston, U. S. A. Sold everywhere.

Advanced
School Policy

Alberta Cities are Promised Assistance for Education

Edmonton, Alta. — In answer to a delegation of mayors from the principal cities of the province which waited upon Hon. Geo. P. Smith, minister of education, asking that the government assume the entire responsibility for secondary education in Alberta, maintaining all high schools from government funds; the minister stated that the proposed government control of high schools was a more advanced policy than had yet been adopted by any state in the world.

It could hardly be undertaken in Alberta during present conditions. Some financial assistance, however, was promised the cities for their schools, particularly in connection with high schools and technical work.

League Fulfills

World Wide Need

In Itself Has Made the War Worth Fighting

London. — Former Premier Asquith, addressing a great mass meeting at Albert Hall, in support of a league of nations, said that rarely had so great an ideal passed so rapidly into practice. It fulfills a world-wide need and must have a world-wide organization, he declared.

Mr. Asquith said it had been accepted in principle by the statesmen at the Paris conference and that in itself had made the war worth fighting. He emphasized that the league must, calmly respect the sovereignty of the states, great and small, which are its members within their own domains and over their affairs. Foundations to war must be removed by the prohibition of conscription and the scaling down of armaments. He added that nationalization or internationalization in the sense of effective control of the manufacture and transportation of munitions might be necessary as an additional precaution.

In closing, Mr. Asquith emphasized the importance of the league in view of social unrest and upheaval and suggested that a league of classes was perhaps no more utopian than a league of nations seemed five years ago.

British Air Force Casualties 16,623

London. — The total of British casualties in the air service for the entire period of the war was 16,623. Of this number 6,166 were killed and 7,345 wounded. The remainder are missing or known to have been taken prisoner.

The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time. Like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unending remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

New Industry for Alberta

There is a prospect that Calgary will soon become the centre of an important industry. The city has been chosen as the location of studios for the picturization of a number of stories with a Canadian setting that have been read by hundreds of thousands of people in American and other magazines. Calgary is an ideal centre for such an enterprise. Within a short radius many varieties of scenery can be found, while the most continuous sunshine is a great advantage to the camera man.

Thousands of mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

Have Reached Agreement

Italy Will Give Disputed Islands to Greece

Paris. — I have reason to believe that Italy and Greece have reached an agreement outside the official conference concerning their respective claims, says a U. S. correspondent. The first point touches the so-called Ionian Islands. These islands, which are inhabited by Greeks, were taken from Turkey in the Tripolitan war and held by Italy as a gage of Turkey's good faith. The treaty of London of 1916 ensured their possession to Italy. Now that country apparently agrees to give these islands to Greece in accordance with the principle of nationality.

In return Greece agrees to internationalize the Straits of Corfu and support Italy's claim to keep possession of the region of Avlona, while Italy agrees to support the Greek claims in the Epirus. Greece will make no objections to Italy's possible desire for a trusteeship over Albania.

GET SLOAN'S FOR
YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheumatic twinge, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce.

Won't stain the skin, leaves no muss, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Made in Canada. Get it today.



MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Money Orders are cashed in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

To Discharge Aliens

Vancouver, B. C. — Following a meeting with a special committee appointed by the Great War Veterans' association, the executive of the Vancouver employers' association decided to recommend to its members that alien enemies, if any are employed, be forthwith discharged and such positions be filled preferably by returned soldiers.

HELPS A WEAK THROAT
STRENGTHENS THE VOICE
CURES BRONCHITIS

By Breathing the Healing Balam of Catarrhoxone You Are Cured Without Using Drugs

You breathe through the Catarrhoxone inhaler, medicated air that is full of healing, soothing balm, full of pure antiseptic essences that resemble the air of the pine woods in the Adirondacks. This pine vapor has a truly marvelous action on weak throats. It brings strength and health, irritating cough, prevents hoarseness and difficult breathing. You can't find anything for weak-throated men on earth more beneficial than Catarrhoxone. It means heaven on earth to the man that has had bronchitis, catarrh or throat irritation. You will realize this the first time you use Catarrhoxone which is a scientific preparation specially designed for diseases of the nose, throat and bronchial tubes. Get the latest size. It lasts two months, costs \$1.00; medium size 50c; sample size, 25c. All stockholders, Catarrhoxone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Timber Revenue

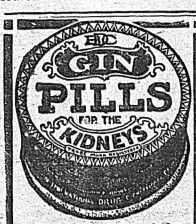
Reached Highest Figure Ever Known in the Department

Vancouver B. C. — According to departmental figures placed in the hands of the Hon. T. D. Pattullo, minister of lands, the revenue from all timber sources in British Columbia for the month of 11 centimes each, the highest figure ever known in the department, just tipping the scales at \$384,000. The return for the month of November, which was considered high at the time, did not exceed \$282,000, while the estimates for the current fiscal year anticipated a return from all timber sources of not more than \$2,000,000. The minister of lands is hopeful that the estimated sum for the year will be exceeded by at least half a million dollars.

Miller's Worm Powders destroy worms without any inconvenience to the child, and so effectively that they pass from the body unperceived. They are not rejected in the excreta, but are ground up and pass away through the bowels with the excreta. They thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels and leave them in a condition not favorable to worms, and there will be no revival of the pests.

Money talks, but it's pretty hoarse at present, from arguing with the butcher and grocer. — Boston Transcript.

It is the struggle to keep up appearances that keeps some persons down.



The old-time tested remedy for kidney trouble, endorsed by thousands of users throughout Canada. Try them. Sold for 50c a box and to be had almost anywhere. The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Stock Foods!

We still handle Royal Purple and the International Stock Foods. This is good for Fowl, Cattle, Horses, etc. Spring will soon be here and this food acts as a tonic and will save many times its price by saving veterinary bills

For Poultry

Try some Royal Purple Poultry Food, also some International Lice Killer. This will keep your fowl in first-class shape. Also give oyster shell, and watch the egg basket fill.

Horses and Cattle

This is a regular tonic and you mix with regular food. This cleanses the blood, puts the digestive system in order and puts your stock in first-class shape for spring rush. This same food for cows will bring a greater stipply of milk, more butter and more money in your pocket

Also have Colic Cure, Roup Cure for tuckeys, Cough Powders and Disinfectant. Will be pleased to show you

J. R. MILLER

ATTENTION!

We are opening up our Spring Stock of Hardware our stock is now complete.

Call and have us figure on your Spring Requirements

We are open to quote prices at all times. Nothing too small for our careful attention

Did you get one of our Calendars for 1919? If not, call in and ask for same. It is waiting for you

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

We sell Newcastle Coal



Just unloaded **Car of Seed Oats** will germinate in four days

Have on hand
**Feed Oats, Barley Chop and Oat Chop
Flour, and all kinds of cereals
The highest grade COAL
At the Western Canada Flour Mills Elevator**

I. W. DEMAN, Manager

To the Public Tributory to Chinook

As the busy season is over with and we all are planning on next year's business, call in our office during the winter and let us know your requirements for the coming season in building material. We have an assortment of Plan Books on hand. Now is the time to start planning for that House or Barn, or other outside buildings you contemplate building next summer.

We are at your service to help plan them to your satisfaction. Thanking you for past favors.

We are yours for straight legitimate business

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.

R. W. HAMON, manager

Chinook, Alberta

For Quick Sale

List your Farm Lands with
C.W. RIDEOUT

I propose selling Farm Lands this season. Bring along your Listings at once, as I wish to get in touch with American Buyers by early Spring

Chinook Breezes

Crockett—At Calgary, Feb. 12 to Mr and Mrs W. M. Crockett, a son.

Mr and Mrs W. W. Isbister were visitors at the home of W. A. Todd on Monday.

W. H. Henry is renewing old acquaintance around Chinook this week.

Fred Dobson has returned to Chinook, after wandering all over the world during the past two or three years.

Mrs R. W. Wright and Mr F. Foster returned on Friday, after a week's visit to Calgary. They report a good time.

Mr R. Peyton left on Thursday morning to see his brother, who is very low at the Holy Cross hospital, Calgary.

Since the above was in type, we regret to learn that his brother has since died.

Mr J. C. Cottrell gave a grand banquet to some forty of his friends at Cereal, on Friday evening of last week, in honor of his daughter's seventeenth birthday. A right royal time was given the guests.

We have to apologize for the Advance being so late this week. On the evening previous to our publishing day a heavy piece of job work came in which taxed the whole staff two days and a night to get it out on time—and so the paper got a set back.

Berry—At Big Spring, on Wednesday, Feb. 5th, to Mr and Mrs P. E. Berry, twin boys. The happy father says this gives him a family of five—four boys and one girl, the oldest, a boy, being two years nine months and twenty four days old. Some family, eh!

Writing from Vancouver, W. L. Gilbert says how much he likes that town. There has been considerable foggy weather there this winter, some nights one could not see two rods in front, with all lights on. Also there had been plenty of rain. He reports quite a lot of Chinook and Cereal people as visiting there.

Jack Horner. Pie For Bridal Luncheon. Done in white crane paper is this Jack Horner pie in the form of a shoe. It is designed for a bridal luncheon, as



the orange blossom decoration shown. The gifts are attached to the ribbons and may be as costly as the bride can afford. Clever bride and groom plan cards are seen down by the heel.

CHINOOK BONSPIEL

\$400.00 IN PRIZES

The dates for Chinook's big bonspiel have been set for Feb. 18, 19 and 20. There are to be two open events, and one closed to all links entering the feurs in the first two competitions. Prizes to the value of \$400.00 will be given in the different events. It is expected that forty or fifty curlers will be here. The bonspiel is expected to be one of the best this season on this line.

Village Election

The election of councillors for Chinook (the first in its history, as in previous years the council has been elected by acclamation) took place on Wednesday. Not much interest was taken by the citizens, only nineteen ratepayers taking the trouble to cast their votes. The following was the results:

Thos Gilbertson	18
D V Boyer	17
A L Robinson	11
R Bradley	5
R D Vanhook	5

A board of trade meeting is called for Monday, Feb. 17th, in Arm's hall, at 8 p.m. It is hoped that there will be full attendance as matters of great importance will be brought before the meeting.

Backward—Did you make love to any of the girls?
Cleveland—Yes, one from Boston and one from New Orleans.
"How was it?"
"Did you ever have chills and fever?"

The Other Way.
Provd Dame—I do not see how you could think of marrying into such a commonplace family as that!
Esme's Daughter—Oh, I'm not going to marry into his family. He's going to marry into our family.

Alimony.
Swamy—Pa, what is alimony? **F. Academy**—Is the pension paid to the best loser—Exchange.

WANTED

Position as Housekeeper and Cook for one or more bachelors. Wages \$30.00. References exchanged.

MARIE KING,
Chinook, Alta

FOR SALE

Three Clyde Mares, supposed to be in foal, weights 1500, 1600, 1700. Also two Fillies, rising 1 and 2 years. A 1 registered. Sold my farm reason for selling.

CHAS. ROBINSON,
Cereal, Alta

FOR SALE

Ten head Young Work Horses On easy terms. Or will trade for colts. Also a few tons of Oat Chop at \$50.00.

J. E. MARTIN
Half mile west of Chinook

Retire! Retread!

Vulcanizing Prices Butchered!

Sections Put In

Old Prices
3½ in Tires 70c inch
4 " 75c "

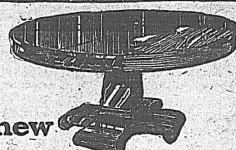
New Prices
Now 55¢ per inch
60c "

Retreads

Plain 30x3½ Tires \$9.50, guaranteed 2000 miles
Non-Skid 30x3½ Tires, \$11.50 " 3500 "
Express or send your tires to us. We pay express charges one way

BRIGGS' TIRE REPAIR CO., Oyen, Alta.

**Make
your old
furniture
look like new**



Come in and buy a fine Chinese bristle (10c) brush, to do the finishing with, and we will give you, without charge, so that you may make a trial yourself—a regular, full size 20c can of Kyanize—enough to do over a chair or a table.

Kyanize

For Floors and all Woodwork

is a wonderful finish, made especially to stand hard usage on floors and staircases, and is also the best finish there is for interior woodwork, chairs, bookcases, desks, bedsteads—all kinds of furniture.

like new. It requires no oiling, dries quickly and does not chip, peel or turn white. It is easily kept clean and sanitary. Made in clear and seven popular colors, also white enamel. You can use it yourself with wonderful results.

**We have a full line of
Guaranteed Floor Paints and
Brushes**

R. S. Woodruff

Chinook Garage

We carry a complete line of

Tires and Tubes

for all makes of Cars
Casings from 12.50, up. Tubes \$3.65, up

Repairing of all kinds

on Automobiles and Tractors

List your cars with us if you want to sell, or see us for bargains in second-hand cars

Agent for the celebrated

Maxwell Car

with the world's record for durability and economy

Everything for Autos. Free Air

Work guaranteed. Give us a call.

C. R. BROWNELL, Prop

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Choice Cuts of Fresh Meats

Hams and Bacon. Cooked Hams and Tongues

Smoked and Fresh Fish

Sample our Fresh Pork Sausage—none better

See us before selling your Beef and Pork

We are shipping every Wednesday

Highest Market Prices Paid

O. HINDS, Prop'r

DR. R. R. PAUL

DR. A. T. SPANKIE
M.D., C.M.
**Eye, Nose, Ear and Throat
Specialist**

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Phones: Office M2848, House M2077

Internist and House Surgeon Manhattan Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, New York. City 1914-1914
Specialist to Calgary School Board

Post Graduate of New York Hospitals. Recently returning from base hospitals in the present war in the Mediterranean war zone.
Office: Next to Hotel, North. Residence: Acadia Hotel, Room 3 CHINOOK

MATERNITY HOSPITAL

Where patients will be cared for, within a 10 ft. doctor. For information, call or write

MRS. MITCHELL,
Chinook, Alta